

The Chain Rule



Success Criteria: I **can solve** problems, using the chain rule.

We had yesterday that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ex } y &= \left(\frac{6x+3}{4x-5} \right)^5 \\ y' &= 5 \left(\frac{6x+3}{4x-5} \right)^4 \cdot \left(\frac{6x+3}{4x-5} \right)' \\ y' &= 5 \left(\frac{6x+3}{4x-5} \right)^4 \left[\frac{(4x-5)6 - (6x+3)4}{(4x-5)^2} \right] \\ y' &= 5 \frac{(6x+3)^4}{(4x-5)^4} \cdot \frac{(-42)}{(4x-5)^2} \\ y' &= \frac{-210 (6x+3)^4}{(4x-5)^6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Ex. } y = (2x+1)^3 (5x-1)^4$$

$$y' = (2x+1)^3 [(5x-1)^4]' + (5x-1)^4 [(2x+1)^3]'$$

$$y' = (2x+1)^3 \cdot 4(5x-1)^3 \cdot (5x-1)' + (5x-1)^4 \cdot 3(2x+1)^2 (2x+1)'$$

$$y' = (2x+1)^3 \cdot 4(5x-1)^3 \cdot 5 + (5x-1)^4 \cdot 3(2x+1)^2 \cdot 2$$

common factor

$$y' = 2(2x+1)^2 (5x-1)^3 [10(2x+1) + 3(5x-1)]$$

$$y' = 2(2x+1)^2 (5x-1)^3 (35x+7)$$

$$y' = 14(2x+1)^2 (5x-1)^3 (5x+1)$$

Homework Page 106 #8, 10, 17 and 19

↓
Should be
 $(1-x)^3$ ↗